JANUARY 2001

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	Information available as of 25 January 2001 was used in this Review, except where otherwise noted.	

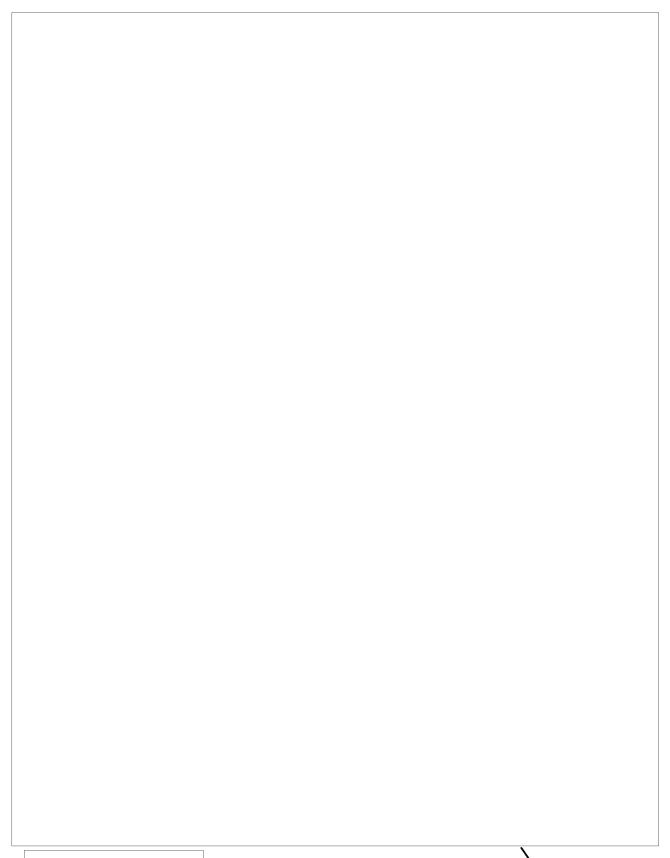


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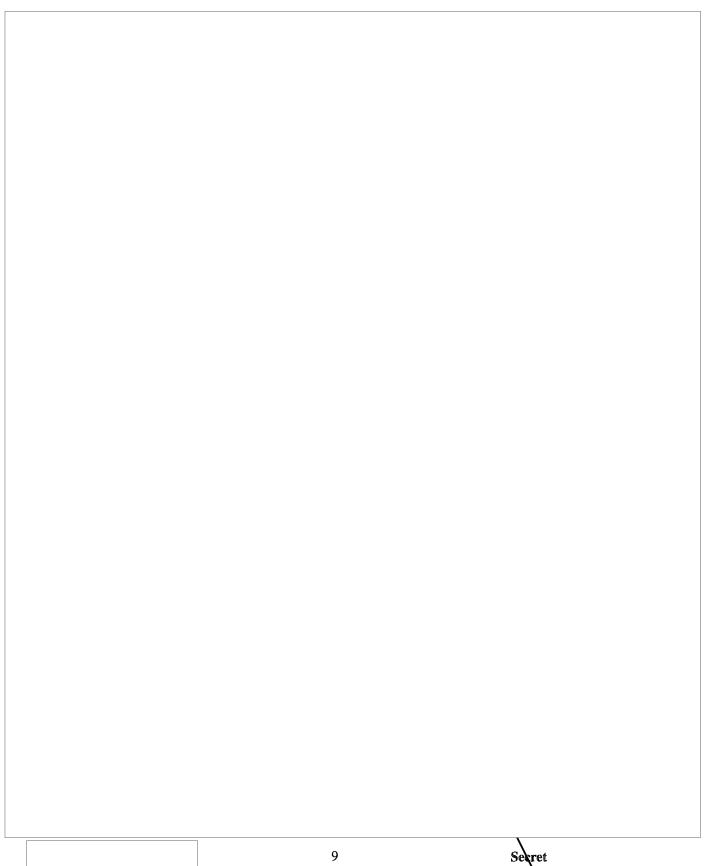


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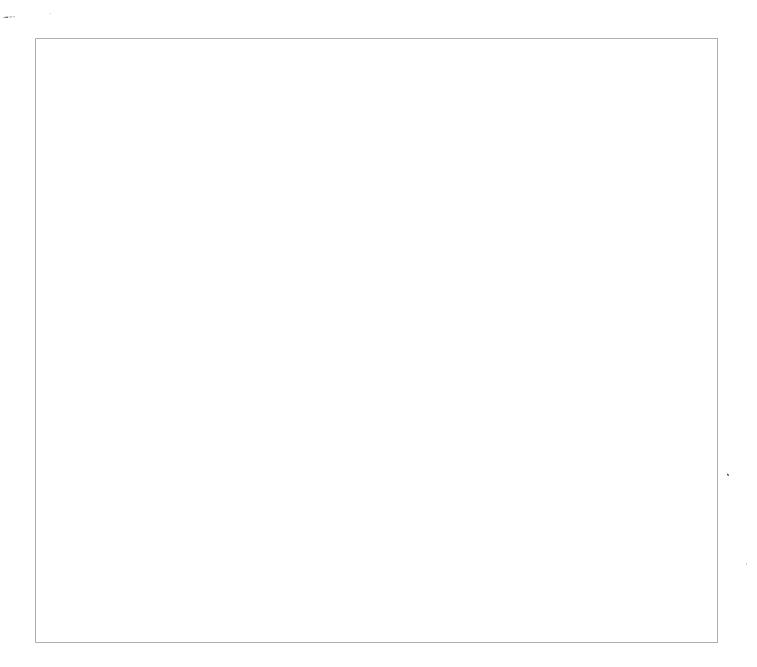


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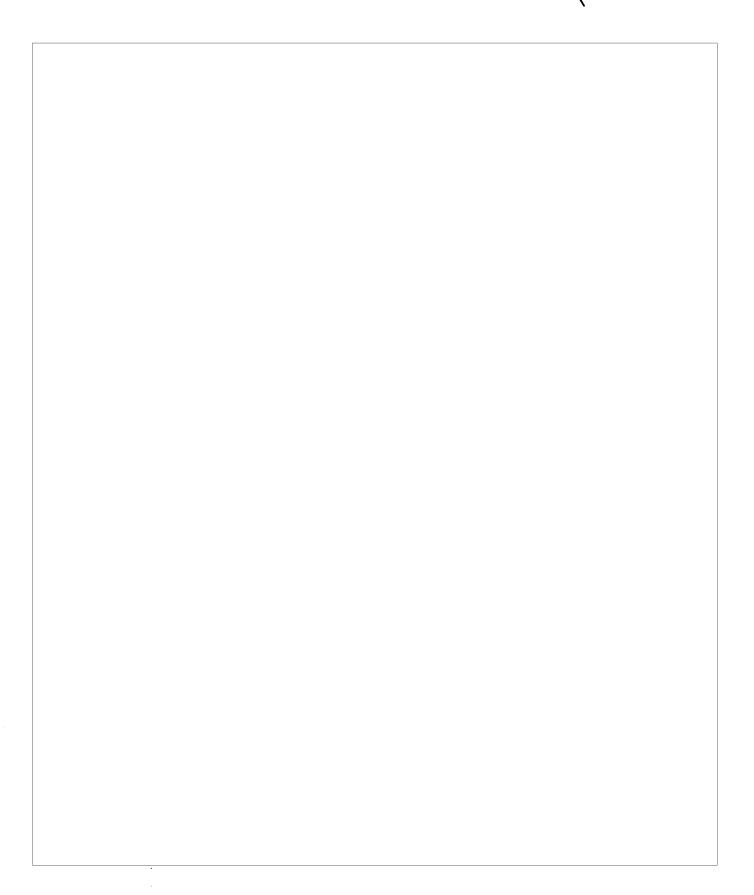




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The Terrorism Diary for January–March 2001

Below is a compendium of January, February, and March dates of known or conceivable significance to terrorists around the world. Inclusion of a date or event does not suggest that we anticipate a commemorative terrorist event.

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1 January 1956	Sudan. Independence Day. Proclamation of republic.	
1 January 1965	Palestinians. Palestinian revolution; founding of Fatah.	
5 January 1996	Palestinians. Assassination of HAMAS bombmaker Yahyah Ayyash.	
7 January 1965	Colombia. ELN attacks the city of Simacota in Santander Department, establishing itself as an armed force.	
15 January 1922	Ireland. Founding of the Irish Free State.	
16 January 1979	Iran. Departure of the Shah from Iran.	
16 January 1991	Iraq, Kuwait. Operation Desert Storm begins.	
18 January 1974	Egypt, Israel. Disengagement agreement signed.	
25 January 1993	United States. Mir Aimal Kansi shoots and kills Dr. Lansing Bennett and Frank Darling and wounds three others in front of CIA Headquarters in Langley, Virginia.	
26 January 1950	India. Republic Day (National Day).	
30 January 1972	Northern Ireland. Bloody Monday; 13 killed, 16 wounded during demonstration in Derry.	
1 February 1984	India. Kashmir separatist leader Maqbool Butt executed.	
3 February 1963	Iraq. Anniversary of Ba'th Revolution.	
4 February 1948	Sri Lanka. Independence Day.	
4 February 1979	Iran. Revolution Day.	
7 February 1991	Turkey. Assassination of US Defense Department contractor Bobby Eugene Mozelle by Dev Sol terrorists in Adana.	
8 February 1963	Iraq. Revolution Day.	

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13 February 1991	<i>Germany.</i> Red Army Faction fired more than 200 small arms rounds at US Embassy, Bonn; no casualties.
14 February 1979	<i>Iran</i> . Attack on US Embassy in Tehran; the Embassy was briefly occupied and the Ambassador briefly held.
16 February 1992	Lebanese Hizballah. Assassination of Hizballah Secretary General Musawi in an Israeli air attack.
19 February 1980	Egypt, Israel. Exchange of ambassadors.
22 February 1969	Palestinians. Democratic Front for the Liberation of Palestine founded.
23 February 1998	Usama Bin Ladin. Bin Ladin and allied groups publish fatwa proclaiming it is incumbent on all Muslims to attack Americans and their allies.
25 February 1991	Iraq. Beginning of the ground war in Desert Storm.
26 February 1993	United States. World Trade Center bombing in New York City.
28 February 1991	<i>Turkey.</i> US Air Force Lt. Col. Alvin Macke wounded during a Dev Sol assassination attempt in Izmir.
2 March 1956	Morocco. Independence Day (termination of Treaty of Fez).
2 March 1977	Libya. Establishment of Jamahiriyah (Masses' State).
3 March 1878	Bulgaria. Independence Day.
3 March 1961	Morocco. Accession of King Hassan to throne.
5 March 1999	Colombia, Venezuela. Three US Indian rights workers kidnapped in Colombia on 25 February by Revolutionary Armed Forces of Colombia (FARC) guerrillas were found on the Venezuelan side of the border with multiple bullet wounds.
6 March 1957	Ghana. Independence Day.
6 March 1975	<i>Kurdish region.</i> Algerian accord between Iran and Iraq abandoning support for the Kurds.
10 March 1979	Kurdish region. Death of Kurdish leader Mulla Mustafa Barzani.
12 March 1880	Turkey. Birth of Ataturk.
12 March 1991	<i>Greece.</i> Assassination in Athens of US Air Force Sgt. Ronald Stewart by 17 November.
13 March 1979	Grenada. Coup d'etat by Maurice Bishop (National Day).



16 March 1921	Armenians. Signing of Soviet-Turkish border treaty that ended Armenian hopes of establishing an independent state.
17 March 1992	Argentina, Israel. Hizballah's terrorist wing, Islamic Jihad, bombed Israeli Embassy in Buenos Aires.
17 March	Ireland. St. Patrick's Day (National Day).
20 March 1956	Tunisia. Independence Day.
20 March 1995	Japan. Aum Shinrikyo sarin attack on Tokyo subways.
21 March	Iran. Iranian New Year.
21 March	Turkey. Kurdish New Year (Nevroz).
22 March 1945	Arab World. Founding of Arab League (original members: Egypt, Iraq, Jordan, Lebanon, Libya, Saudi Arabia, and Syria).
22 March 1991	Turkey. Assassination of US Defense Department contract employee John Hilton Gandy in Istanbul by Dev Sol.
23 March 1956	Pakistan. Pakistan Day (founding of Islamic republic).
25 March 1821	<i>Greece.</i> Greek Revolution Memorial Day (celebrating beginning of independence from Turkey).
25 March 1975	Saudi Arabia. Assassination of King Faisal and accession of King Khalid.
26 March 1970	Libya. UK Evacuation Day (the day British forces turned over bases and departed).
26 March 1971	Bangladesh. Independence Day.
26 March 1978	Egypt, Israel. Peace agreement ratified.
28 March	Palestinians. National Day.
29 March 1992	Basque region. Leadership of Basque Fatherland and Liberty (ETA) apprehended in Bidart, France.
30 March 1974	Turkey. Death of terrorist Mahir Cayan, member of Turkish People's Liberation Party.
30 March 1976	Palestinians. Day of the Homeland.



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Chronology of International Terrorism—October-December 2000

The following incidents have met the criteria for the Intelligence Community's Incident Review Panel since publication of the previous issue of the Terrorism Review. These incidents are the basis for the State Department's Patterns of Global Terrorism, published annually as the US Government's official record of international terrorism.

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Africa	
19 November	Namibia: In Mahane Village, armed militants kidnapped seven men and their cattle and moved them to Angola, according to press reports. Three men escaped. The National Union for the Total Independence of Angola (UNITA) is probably responsible.
5 December	Burundi: Small arms fire hit a Sabena airliner as it was landing in Bujumbura—injuring two persons, a Belgian stewardess and a Tunisian passenger—according to press reports. The aircraft was on a routine flight from Brussels. No one claimed responsibility
13 December	Namibia: In Shighuru, a landmine placed near a private residence exploded, injuring the owner, according to press reports. The UNITA is probably responsible
Asia	A .
24 November	India: In Akhala, armed militants kidnapped six persons from a bus stop and killed five of them, according to press reports. The fate of the sixth individual remains unknown. The Lashkar-e-Tayyiba is probably responsible.
I December	India: In Srinagar, militants threw a grenade at a military vehicle, missing its target but injuring three civilians, according to press reports. No one claimed responsibility
	India: In Pattan, a grenade thrown at a passing security vehicle missed its target and exploded in a crowded street, injuring 12 persons, according to press reports. No one claimed responsibility
	India: In Udhamapur, according to press reports, armed militants barged into the private residence of a village defense committee member, killing four children and injuring two others. No one claimed responsibility.
6 December	India: In Muzaffarabad, a bomb destroyed a vendor's cart, injuring four persons and damaging roadside shops, according to press reports. No one claimed responsibility.
7 December	India: In Kupwara, armed militants threw a grenade at a bus stop, injuring 24 persons, including one special police officer, according to press reports. No one claimed responsibility.
	India: In Gohlan, a bomb exploded, killing a father and injuring his son, according to press reports. No one claimed responsibility.



	India: In Shopian, a bomb exploded near a mosque, injuring 31 persons including three police officers, according to press reports. No one claimed responsibility
9 December	India: In Neelum Valley, a bomb exploded, killing a young boy and two other persons, according to press reports. No one claimed responsibility
12 December	India: In Chadoura, militants threw a grenade at an outdoor marketplace, injuring 12 civilians and four police officers, according to press reports. The Jaish-I-Mohammad is probably responsible
•	India: In Qamarwari, a police vehicle activated a remote-controlled bomb, killing five police officers and injuring five civilians, according to press reports. The Jaish-I-Mohammad claimed responsibility
25 December	India: In Srinagar, a car bomb exploded at the main gate of a military base, killing nine persons—six military persons and three civilians—and injuring 23 other civilians, according to press reports. The Jaish-I-Mohammad and Jamiat-Ul-Mujahedeen groups claimed responsibility
Eurasia	
10 December	Georgia: In Abkhazia, according to press reports, one official from Greece and another from Poland were kidnapped. Both worked from the Sukhumi office as United Nations (UN) military observers. No one claimed responsibility
2 0 December	Yugoslavia: In Kosovo, according to press reports, unidentified rebels fired a rocket-propelled grenade at a UN police station then sprayed it with bullets. No one was injured. No one claimed responsibility.
Europe	
25 December	Greece: In Athens, a bomb placed at a Citibank ATM exploded, causing major damage to the exterior ATM and to the bank interior, according to press reports. The Anarchists Attack Team claimed it conducted the attack to show support for the dead prisoners in Turkey.
Latin America	
12 October	Ecuador: In Napo, according to press reports, possible members of the Revolutionary Armed Forces of Colombia hijacked an Ecuadorian-owned helicopter and took 11 oil workers hostage, including six US citizens. On 16 October two French citizens escaped, and on 31 January the kidnappers killed one US citizen.
27 November	Chile: In Santiago a bomb planted in front of the Colombian Embassy exploded causing some property damage, according to press reports. No one was injured. No one claimed responsibility.





Middle East	
19 November	Jordan: In Amman, armed militants attempted to assassinate the Israeli Vice Consul, according to press reports. Two groups claimed responsibility—The Combatant Jordanian Islamic Resistance Movement faxed a statement to the AFP office in Beirut and Ahmad al-Daqamisah Group made a statement to a local television station
5 December	Jordan: In Amman, an Israeli diplomat was wounded by the Mujahidin Jordanian Islamic Resistance Group, according to press reports.





Summary of Indigenous Terrorism—November-December 2000

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	The incidents listed below provide an overview of indigenous terrorism worldwide
Africa	
Angola	On 4 November in Zenza, armed militants attacked a car carrying six persons, killing four and injuring two others then setting fire to their vehicle, according to press reports. No one claimed responsibility
	On 15 November in Catala, armed militants attacked a town killing 19 persons and injuring 27 others, according to press reports. The <i>National Union for the Total Independence of Angola (UNITA)</i> is probably responsible
	On 18 November in Bocoio, armed militants kidnapped three farmers and a small child from their farm, according to press reports. <i>UNITA</i> is probably responsible.
	On 5 December in Condimba and Mombolo Villages, armed militants kidnapped 29 youths and burned 85 homes, according to press reports. <i>UNITA</i> is probably responsible
	On 9 December in Leiele, a vehicle hit a landmine killing one person and injuring 19 others, according to press reports. <i>UNITA</i> is probably responsible
	On 24 December in Cubal, armed militants attacked four vehicles, killing five civilians, kidnapping one other, destroying the vehicles and stealing all merchandise in the cars, according to press reports. <i>UNITA</i> is probably responsible.
Burundi	On 28 December in Bujumbura, armed militants ambushed a passenger bus, killing 20 persons and wounding 20 others, according to press reports. <i>The National Liberation Forces</i> are probably responsible.
Sudan	On 9 December in Jarrafah, an armed militant carrying a machinegun entered a mosque packed with worshippers, killing 20 persons and injuring 40 others, according to press reports. The <i>Takfir Wal Hijra</i> may be responsible
Asia	
India	On 8 December in Tinsukia District, armed militants killed 28 persons and injured 16 others, according to press reports. The <i>United Liberation Front of Assam</i> is probably responsible.

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	On 18 December near Wuka, a bomb placed inside a bus exploded, killing four persons and injuring 12 others, according to press reports. No one claimed responsibility.
Pakistan	On 2 November in Rawalpindi, a bomb exploded in a public toilet, injuring 17 persons, according to press reports. No one claimed responsibility
•	On 6 November in Karachi, a bomb placed at a newspaper office exploded, killing two persons and injuring six others, according to press reports. The hospital next door also was damaged. No one claimed responsibility.
,	On 27 November in Chandani Chowk, a bomb exploded at a bazaar, injuring 12 persons and causing an undetermined amount of damage, according to press reports. No one claimed responsibility
	On 27 November in Muridke, a bomb placed under a small cart exploded, killing two persons and injuring 26 others, The Lashkar-e-Tayyiba is probably responsible
	On 25 December in Lahore, a bomb placed at the Delhi Gate Market exploded, injuring 32 persons, according to press reports. No one claimed responsibility
	On 25 December in Hyderabad, a bomb placed on a bus exploded, injuring six persons, No one claimed responsibility.
Philippines	On 12 November in Koronadal, militants fired on several wooden huts, killing five persons, according to press reports. The <i>Abu Sayyaf Group</i> is probably responsible.
•	On 18 November in Zamboanga, a bomb exploded in a public market, injuring three persons, according to press reports. <i>The Moro Islamic Liberation Front</i> is probably responsible
Sri Lanka	On 28 November in Anuradhapura, a bus carrying 31 persons hit a landmine, killing seven and injuring 24 others, according to press reporting. The <i>Liberation Tigers of Tamil Eelam (LTTE)</i> are probably responsible.
	On 14 December in Eravur, a bomb at a government school exploded, killing two persons and wounding two policemen, according to press reports. The <i>LTTE</i> are probably responsible
Eurasia	
Bulgaria	On 5 December in Sofia, police safely defused a suspicious package found by restaurant employees, according to press reports. No one claimed responsibility.
Russia	On 4 November in Chechnya, unidentified militants blew up a high pressure gas pipeline, according to press reports. No one claimed responsibility.



	On 9 December in Moscow, a car bomb exploded, killing 22 persons, according to press reports. No one claimed responsibility.
Europe	
Greece	On 24 November in Athens, according to press reports, a bomb exploded at the Nemesis magazine office, causing minor damage. The <i>Children of November</i> claimed responsibility in a call to a Greek television station
Northern Ireland	On 14 November in Belfast, armed militants shot a civilian in both ankles, according to press reports. No one claimed responsibility
	On 21 December in Beechfield, militants killed a taxi driver, according to press reports. The <i>Irish Republican Army</i> is probably responsible.
	On 27 December in Dundalk, press accounts reported armed militants injured one person in his residence. The <i>Irish National Liberation Army</i> is probably responsible.
Spain	On 14 December in Viladecaballs, a limpet bomb placed under the private vehicle of a councilor exploded, injuring the councilor, according to press reports. No one claimed responsibility.
	On 20 December in Barcelona, armed militants killed one policeman, according to press reports. The <i>Basque Fatherland and Liberty</i> is probably responsible
Turkey	On 26 November in Istanbul, a bomb placed in a dustbin located near a park bench exploded, iniuring two persons, according to press reports. No one claimed responsibility.
	On 12 December in Gaziosmanpasa, armed militants attacked a police bus, killing two policemen and injuring 12 others, according to press reports. No claimed responsibility.
	On 19 December in Adana, militants threw a firebomb into a cafe, injuring two persons, according to press reports. No one claimed responsibility.
Latin America	
Colombia	On 27 November in Cudinamarca, a local manager for Hyundai motor company was kidnapped, according to press reports. <i>Revolutionary Armed Forces of Colombia (FARC)</i> rebels are probably responsible.
	On 26 December in Antioquia, the <i>FARC</i> launched several bomb attacks against the power distribution system owned by Electrical Inter-Connection, Inc., and Medellin Public Enterprises, causing major blackouts, according to press reports.

	On 28 December in Medellin, the <i>National Liberation Army</i> kidnapped seven persons including the Mayor of Granada, at a fake roadblock, according to press reports
Middle East	
Algeria	On 10 November in Berrouaghia, armed militants tossed a bomb through a bedroom window killing one person, according to press reports. No one claimed responsibility On 13 November in Boufarik, according to press reports, unidentified armed militants killed three persons and kidnapped another. The <i>Armed Islamic Group</i> is probably responsible On 5 December in Tiaret, an explosion killed three persons, injured 11 others, and caused major damage at the Mohamed-Diahlane estate, according to press reports. No one claimed responsibility
	On 18 December in Tenes, militants killed 15 persons, according to press reports. No one claimed responsibility



